Interactive session on

"Smart Grids for Smart Cities"

30th October 2018 India Habitat Centre, New Delhi

How To Scale Smart Grid Deployments

Sylvain Vittecoq CTO - CyanConnode

Jointly Organized by

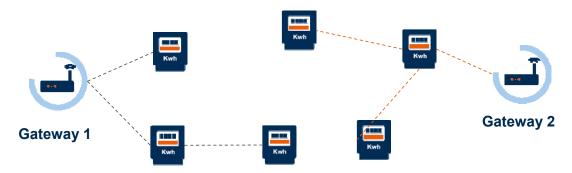




Communication 100% Cellular : Challenging !

- Coverage by Telco Operators: NOT COMPLETE
 - No Coverage Deep Within Buildings (Urban Areas)
- Cellular Network : NOT 100% AVAILABLE
 - Daily Drop-outs (Overload / Peak Demand)
 - DLMS Protocol: Not Best Fit
- Current Cellular Technology : CORE ISSUES FOR IoT
 - Meters Can Not Move For Better Signal
 - No Broadcast Capability (Mass Firmware Update)

Mesh + Cellular : A Working Model!



Gateways Within Cellular Coverage

· Such locations always exist in any neighborhood

• Sub-GHz Radio

- ISM Band License Free
- · Great penetration into buildings & Good bandwidth

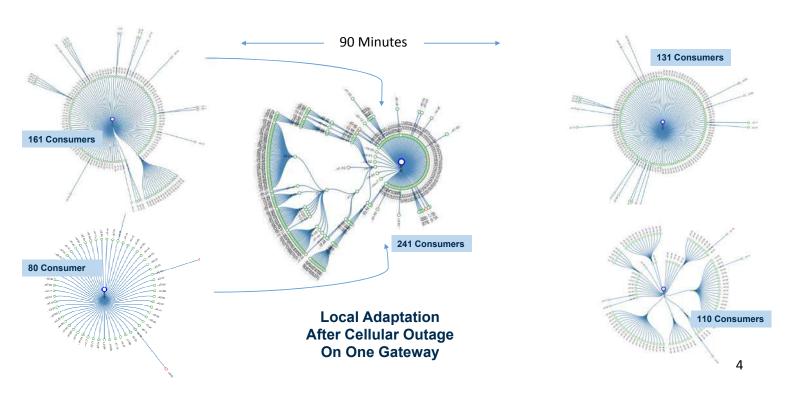
Modern RF SOC

- Signal processing : Very performant
- Low cost & low power consumption

RF Mesh Networks

- Self-Forming & self-Healing
- Constant adaptation to local conditions
- Constant load-balancing
- Always local decisions (no operator action)
- 2 Way Traffic : Device $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Enterprise

Mesh Networks: How to Meet SLAs



Smart Cities: Which Networks?

- Enable New IoT Devices
 - Device Management : Not Fully Standardized Yet
 - Communication Stack: Fully Standardized (RFCs)
 - Common Network Layer: IPv6
 - New Devices To Join Same Networks : ROI Infrastructure
- Enable New IoT Applications (15 20 years)
 - 5 B/Sec 500 B/Sec
 - 2 Way Communication
 - · Alarms & Data From Devices
 - Commands From Utilities & Users
 - Good Resiliency To Backhaul Instability
- How To Scale Smart City Networks
 - Security: Not An After Thought
 - Roll Out : Need To Be Streamlined

Smart City Networks: How To Secure Them?

- Security Model: STANDARD-BASED!
 - Authorization : Only Authorized Devices Can Join
 - Authentication : Only Authenticated Devices Can Produce Data & Run Commands
 - Encryption: In-Flight Data Always Encrypted (AES128 AES256)
- Device ←→ Enterprise System : END-TO-END!
 - Pre-Shared Keys
 - Complex To Provision
 - Public Key Infrastructure
 - Scale To Millions (Certificate Provisioning Before Deployment, Not After)
 - Ability To Black List Compromised Devices Once Identified ...

Mesh IoT Devices: How To Secure Them?

- Signal Jammer
 - Illegal BUT Always Local : No Large Scale attack !
- Unauthorized Joining Of Mesh Networks
 - AES128 Keys To Encrypt/Decrypt Radio Frames (RFCs)
 - More Standardization Required
- Concentrator Of Credentials : Major Security Risk
 - Any Device In the Field Can & Will Be Hacked!
 - Access Point (>500 device credentials): Easy Target For Large Scale Attack
 - Passthrough Gateways: Nothing To Steal

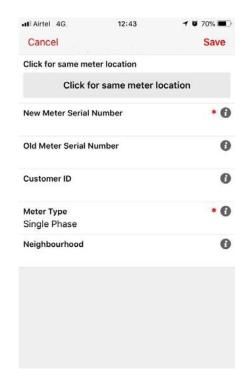
Smart City Roll-Outs: How To Deploy Fast?

Work Flow For Installers: FULLY STREAMLINED...

- 1. Mount Meter with integrated Com Module
- 2. Power Up ... Meter connects to RF mesh within Minutes LED
- 3. Associate Meter & Customer − Installer App → MDM← HES
- 4. Record Location Information (GPS) Installer mobile App
- 5. Move On To Next Meter!

Smart City Roll-Outs: Time Line







Smart City Roll-Outs: How To Scale?

Rules To Roll Out Millions Of Devices:

- ☐ Rule 1 : Manufacturing & Transportation At Scale
- ☐ Rule 2 : Unique Certificates
- ☐ Rule 3 : End-To-End Security
- ☐ Rule 4 : No Complex Radio Planning Prior To Installation
- ☐ Rule 5 : 100% Automatic Provisioning
 - **□**Communication Stack
 - □IoT Device Application (Metering Profiles , Capture Period , Firmware Version, etc.)
- ☐ Automatic Operational Reports
 - ☐ To Identify Problematic Devices
- → Metering Data Available At Utility By End Of Day!

Thank You

Sylvain Vittecoq CTO – CyanConnode

Sylvain. Vitte coq@CyanConnode.com